



Egyptian Landmarks:

- 1) The Siwa Oasis is an oasis in Egypt. An oasis is an area of water in a desert. It is an Egyptian landmark because it is one of the most beautiful hidden places in Egypt.
- 2) The Egyptians were one of the first civilizations to believe in an afterlife and built the pyramids were built for religious purposes. The pyramids of Giza are an incredible size and a great design.
- 3) Mount Sinai is one of the natural landmarks of Egypt and but one of the best hiking spots in Egypt.
- 4) The valley of the kings is famous for the discovery of the tomb of Tutankhamun and is also where the Pharaoh's were buried.
- 5) The Temple of Luxor is where many of the pharaohs of Egypt were crowned.
- 6) The temple of Horus is an incredibly well-preserved monument dedicated to one of Ancient Egypt's most important Gods, Horus.
- 7) Abu Simbel is an ancient temple complex in Southern Egypt, located along the River Nile.

The River Nile

The River Nile runs through Egypt and was important to the Ancient Egyptian's because it helped them to survive.

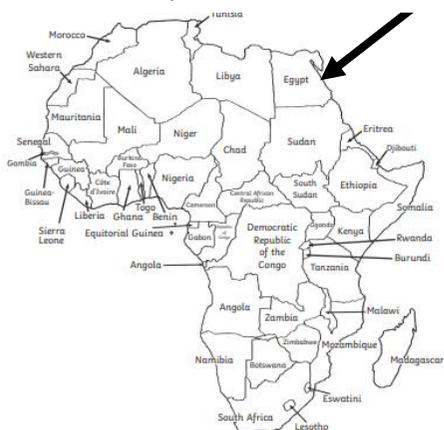
The River Nile was used for water, food and transport, as well as making the soil in the area perfect for growing crops.

Mud from the river banks was used to make buildings, like houses.

The river banks were also filled with a reed called papyrus, which was turned into paper. The Ancient Egyptians also used the papyrus reeds to build the boats that they used.

The Ancient Egyptians did not have money so they travelled up and down the river trading items like food, pottery and jewellery.

Map of Africa



Key Egypt Facts:

Egypt is a country in the continent Africa.

The climate in Egypt varies from cool/cold in the Winter to very hot. Egypt can be very hot because it is located close to the Equator.

Egypt is mostly desert.